

REGOLAMENTO (CE) N. 834/2007 DEL CONSIGLIO del 28 giugno 2007 relativo alla produzione biologica e all'etichettatura dei prodotti biologici

”La produzione biologica è un sistema globale di gestione dell'azienda agricola e di produzione agroalimentare basato sull'interazione tra le migliori pratiche ambientali, un alto livello di biodiversità, la salvaguardia delle risorse naturali, l'applicazione di criteri rigorosi in materia di benessere degli animali e una produzione confacente alle preferenze di taluni consumatori per prodotti ottenuti con sostanze e procedimenti naturali. Il metodo di produzione biologico esplica pertanto una duplice funzione sociale, provvedendo da un lato a un mercato specifico che risponde alla domanda di prodotti biologici dei consumatori e, dall'altro, fornendo beni pubblici che contribuiscono alla tutela dell'ambiente, al benessere degli animali e allo sviluppo rurale.

La nostra azienda, come tutte le realtà che operano in ambito bio, è controllata da un organismo di controllo (nel nostro caso CCPB), autorizzato dal Ministero delle Politiche Agricole che verifica il rispetto di regolamenti e normative e concede l'utilizzo del marchio dell'ente sulle etichette dei prodotti commercializzati.

COME FARE PER OTTENERE LA CERTIFICAZIONE

CCPB è un organismo di certificazione autorizzato a verificare la conformità al regolamento comunitario. Perciò tutte le aziende di produzione, preparazione, commercializzazione e importazione di prodotti agricoli o derrate alimentari da agricoltura biologica possono rivolgersi a CCPB e assoggettarsi al sistema di controllo attraverso la compilazione della NOTIFICA DI ATTIVITÀ CON METODO BIOLOGICO.

NOTIFICA REGIONE PER REGIONE

Dal 2012 gli operatori sono tenuti al rispetto delle procedure sull'informatizzazione della notifica biologica. Le modalità di presentazione sono differenti da Regione a Regione. Nelle Regioni Piemonte, Lombardia, Emilia Romagna, Toscana, Marche, Umbria e Puglia sono operativi sistemi informatici regionali. Nelle altre Regioni e Province Autonome è operativo il SIB (Sistema Informativo Biologico) nazionale.

ITER DI CERTIFICAZIONE

Una volta completata la notifica le fasi della certificazione prevedono:

- Quando la notifica viene resa disponibile all'organismo di certificazione, questo provvede per l'esecuzione della prima visita ispettiva, denominata “fase di avvio”, e affida l'azienda a un ispettore che procede con la verifica
- L'ispettore verifica la conformità dell'azienda e della documentazione predisposta dall'operatore al regolamento comunitario e presenta una relazione all'organismo di certificazione.
- Una volta valutati i documenti e i risultati della verifica ispettiva fase di avvio, l'organismo di certificazione decide, se del caso, per l'ammissione dell'operatore nel sistema di controllo del biologico
- All'azienda idonea viene comunicata l'idoneità e i tempi per la conversione (per le aziende agricole) attribuiti ai singoli appezzamenti in funzione della produzione e le eventuali azioni correttive da adottare
- All'azienda NON idonea viene comunicata la non idoneità con le relative motivazioni, e le modalità per un eventuale ricorso
- In base a un Piano Preventivo dei Controlli Annuale, l' organismo di certificazione sorveglia e valuta il mantenimento della conformità alla norma di riferimento

COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) NO 834/2007 of 28 June 2007 on organic production and labelling of organic products

“Organic production is an overall system of farm management and food production that combines best environmental practices, a high level of biodiversity, the preservation of natural resources, the application of high animal welfare standards and a production method in line with the preference of certain consumers for products produced using natural substances and processes.

The organic production method thus plays a dual societal role, where it on the one hand provides for a specific market responding to a consumer demand for organic products, and on the other hand delivers public goods contributing to the protection of the environment and animal welfare, as well as to rural development”.

Our company, like all organizations working in the field of organic, is controlled by a inspection body (in our case CCPB), authorized by the Ministry of Agriculture to verify compliance with laws and regulations and to allow the use of the trademark “Controlled and certified by CCPB” on the labels.

The inspection system is the set of functions and actions that make up the CCPB inspection activities designed to assess applications submitted by operators for compliance with the provisions of EC Reg. 834/07 and its subsequent amendments. All companies that engage in the PRODUCTION, PREPARATION, SALES and IMPORTATION of agricultural products or foodstuffs in order to obtain organic agriculture products must subject themselves to the inspection system. In order to do this they have to fill in a form entitled NOTIFICATION OF ACTIVITIES USING THE ORGANIC METHOD and send this by recorded delivery post to CCPB and to the competent regional authority.

Agricultural producers of fruit and vegetables must append the appropriate documents for compiling and sending the notification, the technical report and vegetable and livestock producers’ product schedules, to the copy of the Notification sent to CCPB.

These include the Annual Production Plan – vegetable production, the technical report, drawn up according to the instructions and appended template, and the product schedules for vegetable products, only to be used by producers of fresh fruit and vegetables that have not been processed or transformed and that are not packaged in-house by the company applying for certification.

Agricultural producers of livestock must append the documents mentioned in the instruction sheet for compiling and sending the notification, the technical report and vegetable and livestock producers’ product schedules, to the copy of the Notification sent to CCPB.

These include the Annual Production Plan – vegetable production, the Annual Production Plan – animal production and the Hive Location Plan for bee keepers, the technical report, drawn up according to the instructions and appended template, complete with the plan for the use of animal excrement, the husbandry management plan, the product schedules for vegetable products, only to be used by producers of fresh fruit and vegetables that have not been processed or transformed and that are not packaged in-house, the animal product schedules, to be used for fresh animal products that have not been processed or transformed in any way and are not packaged in-house by the company applying for certification.

Operators involved in food preparation and/or importing to third party countries must append the documents for compiling and sending the notification and technical report – food preparation and imports to third party countries, to the copy of the Notification sent to CCPB.

These include the technical report drawn up according to the instructions, the recipe evaluation schedule, for producers of multi-ingredient products, the product schedule for products in their natural state or for single-ingredient processed products and wine those being products consisting of only one ingredient of agricultural origin, and the feedstuffs evaluation schedule.

When the NOTIFICATION OF ACTIVITIES USING THE ORGANIC METHOD arrives at CCPB, once the necessary assessments have been made, the Inspection Activities Manager assigns an inspector to the company and, on the basis of the schedules received, s/he will arrange with the company manager (or her/his deputy) to carry out the Start-up Phase Onsite Inspection.

While the onsite inspection is taking place, the inspector checks mainly that the production sites are compliant with the provisions of EC Reg. 834/07, and its subsequent amendments, and records her/his findings in a document entitled Start-up Phase Inspection Report, to be signed by the operator. The report contains all the information required by the Certification Committee in order for them to make an appropriate judgement. The information given in the Start-up Phase Inspection Report is assessed by the Inspection Activities Manager who makes his/her own judgement that is subsequently submitted to the Certification Committee.

The Certification Committee makes a decision as to whether to admit the company to the inspection system, based on the inspector's findings, on the judgement of the Inspection Activities Manager and on any further information the operator may be required to provide at any time during the process.

A company judged suitable, and therefore admitted to the system, is sent a communication containing the Certification Committee's decision, the conversion time (for agricultural businesses) assigned to each land parcel, according to what they are producing, and any remedial action to be taken. A company judged unsuitable, and therefore not admitted to the system is sent a communication containing the Certification Committee's decision and the reasons the company was found unsuitable and the procedures to be followed if the operator wishes to appeal the Certification Committee's decision.

Companies judged suitable are entered in the list of inspected companies, and this list forms the basis for drawing up the Annual Preventative Inspection Plan (PPCA), compiled by the Inspection Activities Manager and approved by the Chairman.

This plan involves one or more onsite inspections per year, whose aim is to check that the on-site conditions are being correctly maintained and that all the provisions of EC Reg. 834/07, and its subsequent amendments, continue to be applied.

VERORDNUNG (EG) Nr. 834/2007 DES RATES vom 28. Juni 2007 über die ökologische/biologische Produktion und die Kennzeichnung von ökologischen/biologischen

“Die ökologische/biologische Produktion bildet ein Gesamtsystem der landwirtschaftlichen Betriebsführung und der Lebensmittelproduktion, das beste umweltschonende Praktiken, ein hohes Maß der Artenvielfalt, den Schutz der natürlichen Ressourcen, die Anwendung hoher Tierschutzstandards und eine Produktionsweise kombiniert, die der Tatsache Rechnung tragen, dass bestimmte Verbraucher Erzeugnissen, die unter Verwendung natürlicher Substanzen und nach natürlichen Verfahren erzeugt worden sind, den Vorzug geben. Die ökologische/biologische Produktionsweise spielt somit eine doppelte gesellschaftliche Rolle, denn sie bedient einerseits auf einem spezifischen Markt die Verbrauchernachfrage nach ökologischen/biologischen Erzeugnissen und stellt andererseits öffentliche Güter bereit, die einen Beitrag zu Umwelt- und Tierschutz ebenso wie zur Entwicklung des ländlichen Raums leisten”.

Unsere Firma, wie alle Organisationen, die im Bereich der organischen, wird von einer Oeko Kontrollstelle kontrolliert (in unserem Fall CCPB), durch das Ministerium für Landwirtschaft berechtigt, die Einhaltung von Gesetzen und Vorschriften zu überprüfen und ermöglicht die Verwendung der Marke “Kontrolliert und Zertifiziert von CCPB” auf den Etiketten.